



The Sutton Academy

Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 12 Maths

Unit 7 - Algebraic methods

Maths Year 12	Unit: Algebraic methods				
Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge: <i>Students will know that...</i>	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: <i>In order to know this students, need to already know that...</i>	Assessment	
<p>Lesson 33: Algebraic fractions/Dividing polynomial Lesson Objective: To learn how to divide polynomials.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to simplify algebraic fractions. Students will know that a polynomial is a finite expression with positive whole number indices. Students will know how to identify polynomials. Students will know how to use long division to divide a polynomial by a linear expression. Students will know that if you finish the dividing with a zero then the linear expression is a factor of the polynomial. Students will know that the result of the division is called the quotient. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Students need to know how to factorise linear expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to factorise quadratic expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to simplify numerical fractions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to use long division.</i> <i>Students need to know how to multiply algebraic expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to subtract positive and negative algebraic expressions.</i> 		
<p>Lesson 34: Dividing polynomials Lesson Objective: To learn how to how to find a remainder or factorise completely.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know that if you finish the dividing with an expression or number other than zero, then the linear expression is not a factor of the polynomial. Students will know that if you finish the dividing with an expression or number then this is called the remainder. Students will know how to factorise a polynomial completely. Students will know to use the discriminant when proving if roots are real, repeated or not real. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Students need to know how to use long division.</i> <i>Students need to understand the concept of a remainder.</i> <i>Students need to know how to multiply algebraic expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to subtract positive and negative algebraic expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to factorise quadratic expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to find the discriminant.</i> 		
<p>Lesson 35: The factor theorem Lesson Objective: To learn how to use the factor theorem.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know that there are two methods to show that a linear expression is a factor of a polynomial - algebraic division and the factor theorem. Students will know how to write the polynomial as a function. Students will know to substitute the value of the root into the polynomial to find if the linear expression is a factor of the polynomial. Students will know that if the result of the substitution is zero then the linear expression is a factor of the polynomial. Students will know that if the result of the substitution is not zero then the linear expression is not a factor of the polynomial. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Students need to know how to divide polynomials.</i> <i>Students need to know how to rearrange formulae.</i> <i>Students need to know how to substitute into expressions.</i> <i>Students need to know how to sketch cubic functions.</i> 		

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know that getting a remainder of zero when using algebraic division means the linear expression is a factor of the polynomial. • Students will know that getting a remainder that is not zero when using algebraic division means the linear expression is not a factor of the polynomial. • Students will know how to use the factors of a polynomial to draw a sketch of the polynomials. • Students will know how to use a factor to find unknowns in the polynomial. • Students will know to write a conclusion, stating the factor of the polynomial. 			
<p>Lesson 36: Mathematical proof Lesson Objective: To learn how to use mathematical proof.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know to prove a statement is true a logical and structured argument needs to be shown. • Students will know how to state previously established mathematical facts or theorems to start a proof. • Students will know how to use clear logical steps using their stated facts or theorems to prove a statement true - proof by deduction. • Students will know to state any assumptions they have made in the proof. • Students will know that the proof has to cover all possible cases. • Students will know to write a conclusion at the end of the proof. • Students will know that when proving an identity, you start with the expression of on side of the identity and manipulate the expression until it matches the other side. • Students will know how to prove a statement by deduction. • Students will know the identity sign and that it means 'is always equal to'. • Students will know how to prove an identity. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Students need to how to use the discriminant.</i> • <i>Students need to know properties of numbers such as odd or even.</i> • <i>Students need to know properties of triangles and quadrilaterals.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to manipulate algebraic expressions.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to rearrange formulae.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to substitute into expressions.</i> 	

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<p>Lesson 37: Methods of proof</p> <p>Lesson Objective: To learn how to use proof by exhaustion and counter-examples to prove statements true or false.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know how to use proof by exhaustion. • Students will know that proof by exhaustion means breaking down the statement into smaller cases and proving each case separately. • Students will know how to use a counter-example to disprove a mathematical statement. • Students will know that proof by counter-example means finding one example that does not work for the statement. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Students need to know properties of numbers such as odd or even.</i> • <i>Students need to know properties of triangles and quadrilaterals.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to rearrange formulae.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to expand brackets.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to factorise linear expressions.</i> • <i>Students need to know how to factorise quadratic expressions.</i> 	