



## Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 7 Core – 3D Shapes, Surface Area and Volume



Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge: Students will know that	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: In order to know this, students need to	Assessment
To learn how to identify 3D shapes	<ul> <li>Students will know the names of prisms, pyramids and spheres.</li> <li>Students will know that a prism is a 3D solid with identical ends and flat sides.</li> <li>Students will know that a pyramid is a 3D solid where the sides are triangles meeting at the apex and the base is a polygon.</li> <li>Students will know how to determine the number of faces, edges and vertices from 3D solids.</li> <li>Students will know vertices to mean a corner of a shape.</li> <li>Students will know that a face is the individual flat surface of a 3D solid.</li> <li>Students will know that an edge is a line segment where two faces meet.</li> <li>Students will know that a vertex is a point where two or more edges meet - a corner.</li> <li>Opportunity for challenge:</li> <li>Students will know how to sketch 3D shapes.</li> </ul>	Prism – A solid object with two identical ends and flat sides  Vertex (plural vertices) – corner  Face – in maths, a face is a flat surface of a solid object  Polygon – a closed shape with straight sides  Edge – a line segment where two faces meet	<ul> <li>Students need to understand a 3D shape that has length, width and depth.</li> <li>Students need to be able to draw and identify 2D shapes.</li> </ul>	Mini-Assessment 11
To learn how to draw and identify nets of 3D shapes.	<ul> <li>Students will know a net means a pattern that you can cut and fold to make a model of a solid shape.</li> <li>Students will know how to sketch the nets of 3D solids.</li> <li>Students will know how to identify a 3D shape from its net by looking at the faces on the net.</li> <li>Students will know how to use isometric grids to sketch 3D solids.</li> </ul>	Net – net means a pattern that you can cut and fold to make a model of a solid shape.	Students need to identify 3D shapes.	Mini-Assessment 11
To learn how to draw plans and elevations of 3D shapes.	<ul> <li>Students will identify front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids.</li> <li>Students will know that an elevation means a 2D drawing of a 3D shape from different viewpoints.</li> <li>Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with cubes using a 1cm grid.</li> <li>Opportunity for challenge:</li> <li>Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with accurate measurements using a 1cm grid.</li> </ul>	Plan – A drawing of something as viewed from above Elevation – the view of a 3D shape when it is looked at from the side or from the front.	<ul> <li>Students need to be able to draw and identify 2D shapes.</li> <li>Students need to be able to measure and draw lines with a ruler.</li> </ul>	Mini-Assessment 11
To learn how to calculate the surface area of cubes and cuboids.	<ul> <li>Students will know how to find the surface area of a 3D solid using the net. Students will know that surface area means the total area of the surface of a three-dimensional object.</li> <li>Students will know that the surface area is the total area of each face of a 3D solid.</li> <li>Students will know how to find the surface area of cubes.</li> <li>Students will know how to find the surface area of cuboids.</li> <li>Opportunity for challenge:</li> <li>Students will know how to find the surface area of triangular prisms.</li> </ul>	Surface area - the total area of all of the faces of a 3D solid added together	<ul> <li>Students need to be able to draw the net of a shape.</li> <li>Students need to be able to use basic mathematical operations such as multiplication and addition.</li> <li>Students need to be able to find the area of 2D shapes.</li> </ul>	Mini-Assessment 11
To learn how to calculate the volume of cubes and cuboids.	<ul> <li>Students will know that the volume is the amount of 3-dimensional space a 3D solid occupies. Students will know that volume means the amount of three-dimensional space something takes up.</li> <li>Students will know how to find the volume of cubes.</li> <li>Students will know how to find the volume of cuboids.</li> </ul>	Volume – the amount of space inside a 3D object	<ul> <li>Students need to know how to multiple and divide numbers.</li> <li>Students need to be able to find the area of 2D shapes.</li> </ul>	Mini-Assessment 11



Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Assessment
	Students will know that		In order to know this, students need to	
			already know that	
To learn how to calculate	Students will know how to find the volume of triangular prisms.	<b>Volume</b> – the amount of space inside a 3D object	<ul> <li>Students need to know how to multiple and</li> </ul>	Mini-Assessment 11
the volume of triangular	Opportunity for challenge:	<b>Prism</b> – A solid object with two identical ends and	divide numbers.	
prisms.	Students will know how to find the volume of compound shapes.	flat sides	<ul> <li>Students need to be able to find the area of</li> </ul>	
			2D shapes.	