



Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 7 Support – Sequences and Graphs



Lesson objective	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success:	Feedback
To learn how to continue	Students will know how to find the next terms in	Sequence - a particular order in	•Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Pattern Sequences	
sequences of diagrams	pattern sequences.	which related things follow each	identify a sequence or pattern.	Step 1 – Identify how many items/pictures is contained in each	
and numbers and	• Students will know how to continue linear sequences	other.		pattern, you may want to write this above each one.	
identify the term-to- term rule.	to find subsequent terms.	Ascending – smallest to largest		Step 2 – Work out what has been done to the previous term to	
term rule.	• Students will know how to continue geometric	Descending – largest to smallest		get the next term in the sequence e.g. +5	
	sequences to find subsequent terms.	Linear or Arithmetic Sequence – a		Step 3 – Continue to carry out the same calculation to each of	
	• Students will know how to continue other simple	number pattern which increases		the patterns until you reach the required pattern number. If	
	sequences.	(or decreases) by the same		asked to continue the pattern draw it.	
	• Students will know how to identify the term to term	amount each time Geometric Sequence – a			
	rule for an arithmetic sequence.	sequence made by multiplying		Steps to Success – Linear Sequences	
	• Students will know how to identify the term to term	the same value each time		Step 1 – Identify the difference between each term, you may	
	rule for a geometric sequence.	the same value each time		want to write it above the term, it is important to check that it is	
	Students will know how to use ascending/descending	Cultural Capital		happening to each term.	
	to describe sequences.	Cartar Capital		Step 2 – Either add or subtract to the previous term to find the	
				next term/terms.	
				, ,	
				Steps to Success – Geometric Sequences	
				Step 1 – Identify the difference between each term for	
				geometric sequences, they have either been multiplied or	
				divided by a number	
				Step 2 – Multiply or divide the term by the number to find the	
				next terms in the sequence.	
To learn how to find	•Students will know how to find missing terms in a		•Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Linear Sequences	
missing terms in	sequence given the term-to-term rule.		add, subtract, multiply and	Step 1 – Identify the difference between each term, you may	
sequences given the	Students will know how to find missing terms in a		divide integers.	want to write it above the term, it is important to check that it is	
term-to-term rule.	sequence by first finding the term-to-term rule.		divide liftegers.	happening to each term.	
	Opportunity for challenge:			Step 2 – Either add or subtract to the previous term to find the	
	• Students will be able to find the value of a term in the			next term/terms.	
	sequence by continuing the sequence until they have				
	reached the needed term.				
To learn how to	Students will know how to generate a linear sequence	Generate – produce or create.	•Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Using the nth term	
generate a sequence	using the nth term.	Substitution - replacing letters	substitute a number into an	Step 1: Identify the nth term, if this is not given to you then you	
from the nth term.		with numbers in algebraic	algebraic expression.	will need to calculate it.	
		expressions or equations		Step 2: If the question is asking you to find a particular term in	
		nth Term – a formula that		the sequence, for instance the 100 th term, you would substitute	
		enables us to find any term in a		that number into the expression.	
		sequence. The 'n' stands for the		Step 3: If the question is asking you to generate a sequence	
		term number		using the nth term you would substitute the numbers of the	
				sequence in, e.g. for term 1, 1 for term 2, 2 etc	



Lesson objective	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success:	Feedback
To learn how to find the	•Students will know how to find the nth term of a linear	,	•Students need to know how to	Finding the nth term of linear sequences – Steps to success	
nth term of a linear	sequence.		describe the term-to-term rule	Step 1: Find the differences between each term – these should	
sequence.	Opportunity for challenge:		for a sequence.	be the same number.	
	• Students will know how to find the nth term of a			Step 2: Place your number in front of the letter n to get an.	
	pattern sequence.			Step 3: Substitute the number 1 into your nth term.	
	pattern sequence.			Step 4: Work out what you would do to get to the first term in	
				the sequence.	
				Step 5: Make this adjustment to your nth term.	
To learn how to write	•Students will need to know that the horizontal axis is	Coordinate – two numbers or	•Students need to know how to	, ,	
and plot coordinates in	the x-axis and that the vertical axis is the y-axis.	sometimes a letter and a number,	read and identify numbers		
all four quadrants.	• Students will know how to plot coordinates in all four	that locate a specific point on a	from a number line.		
	quadrants.	grid. They are written in the form			
	• Students will know how to write the coordinates of a	(x, y) most commonly.			
	point plotted in any of the four quadrants.	Vertical – something that is			
		vertical stands or points straight			
		up			
		Horizontal – something that is			
		arranged sideways, parallel to the			
		horizon, like a person lying down			
		Quadrant – one of the four			
		quarters of the coordinate plane			
To learn how to draw	•Students will need to know how to plot and draw		•Students need to know how to		
straight line graphs.	graphs that are parallel to either the x- or y-axis		plot coordinates.		
	(equations in the form y = a, x = a)				
	Opportunity for challenge:				
	• Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y = x				
	or y = -x				
To learn how to draw	• Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y = x	Substitute – use or add in place of	•Students need know how to	Steps to Success – Plotting Straight Line Graphs	
straight line graphs.	+ c or y = x - c		plot and draw graphs of y = a,	Step 1: Use the table of values for your coordinates for drawing	
	• Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y =		x = a.	the graph. If a table is not provided, create one using the x	
	mx		•Students need to know how to	values on the axis as the x values in your table. Substitute your x	
	Opportunity for challenge:		substitute a number into an	values into the equation of the line in order to find your y	
	• Students will know how to plot straight line graphs in		algebraic expression.	coordinates. Remember to use brackets and follow BIDMAS.	
	the form y = mx + c by first completing a given table of		8	Step 2 : Choose a pair of coordinates (x,y) from your table to plot	
	values.			on the graph. Remember that the 'x' coordinate is for the	
				horizontal axis and the 'y' coordinate is for the vertical axis.	
				Mark this point on the graph.	
				Step 3: Continue this process until all pairs of coordinates have	
				been plotted.	
				Step 4: Join up the points with one straight line using a pencil	
				and a ruler. If the coordinates do not form a straight line, check	
				each coordinate is plotted correctly.	
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		Mini As	sessment 6	<u> </u>	

Mini-Assessment 6