



Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 7 Support – Sequences and Graphs





			The Sutton Academy	
Lesson Objective	Intended Knowledge: Students will know that	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: In order to know this, students need to already know that	Assessment
To learn how to continue sequences of diagrams and numbers and identify the term-to-term rule	 Students will know how to find the next terms in pattern sequences Students will know how to continue linear sequences to find subsequent terms Students will know how to continue geometric sequences to find subsequent terms Students will know how to continue other simple sequences Students will know how to identify the term to term rule for an arithmetic sequence Students will know how to identify the term to term rule for a geometric sequence Students will know how to use ascending/descending to describe sequences. 	Sequence - a particular order in which related things follow each other. Ascending – going up Descending – going down Linear or Arithmetic Sequence – a number pattern which increases (or decreases) by the same amount each time Geometric Sequence – a sequence made by multiplying by the same value each time	• Students will need to know how to recognise a sequence	Mini-Assessment 6
To learn how to find missing terms in sequences given the term-to-term rule	 Students will know how to find missing terms in a sequence given the term-to-term rule Students will know how to find missing terms in a sequence by first finding the term-to-term rule 		• Students need to know how to add and subtract	Mini-Assessment 6
To learn how to generate a sequence from the nth term	•Students will know how to generate a linear sequence using the nth term	Generate – produce or create. Substitute – use or add in place of	• Students will need to know how to substitute numbers into formulae	Mini-Assessment 6
To learn how to find the nth term of a linear sequence	 Students will know how to find the nth term of a linear sequence. Students will know how to find the nth term of a pattern sequence. Students will know how to solve problems involving sequences from real life situations. 	Linear or Arithmetic Sequence – a number pattern which increases (or decreases) by the same amount each time	• Students will need to know how to describe the term-to-term rule for a sequence	Mini-Assessment 6
To learn how to write and plot coordinates in all four quadrants	 Students will need to know that the horizontal axis is the x-axis and that the vertical axis is the y-axis. Students will know how to plot coordinates in all four quadrants. Students will know how to write the coordinates of a point plotted in any of the four quadrants 	 Coordinate – two numbers or sometimes a letter and a number, that locate a specific point on a grid. They are written in the form (x, y) most commonly. Vertical – something that is vertical stands or points straight up Horizontal – something that is arranged sideways, parallel to the horizon, like a person lying down Quadrant – one of the four quarters of the coordinate plane 	• Students will need to know how to read from a number line	Mini-Assessment 6



Lesson Objective	Intended Knowledge: Students will know that	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: In order to know this, students need to already know that	Academy Assessment
To learn how to draw straight line graphs	 Students will need to know how to plot and draw graphs that are parallel to either the x- or y-axis (equations in the form y = a, x = a) Opportunity for challenge: Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y = x or y = -x 		• Students will need to know how to plot coordinates	Mini-Assessment 6
To learn how to draw straight line graphs	 Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y = x + c or y = x - c Students will know how to plot graphs in the form y = mx Opportunity for challenge: Students will know how to plot straight line graphs in the form y = mx + c by first completing a given table of values 	Substitute – use or add in place of	 Students will know how to plot and draw graphs of y = a, x = a, y = x and y = -x, drawing and recognising lines parallel to axes. Students will know how to draw y = x and y = -x 	Mini-Assessment 6