



Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 8 Prime — Ratio and Proportion



				The Sutton A	
Lesson Objective	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success	Feedback
To learn how to write,	• Students will know how to express a situation in a	Ratio - a way of representing	• Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Expressing as a Ratio	
simplify and compare	ratio.	the relationship between two	simplify a fraction.	Step 1 – Read the question, it is important to identify which	
ratios.	• Students will know how to write a ratio in its simplest	amounts		order the question is asking you order the values.	
	form.	Simplify – make something		Step 2 – Express the values in the question as a ratio.	
	• Students will know how to simplify ratios in the form of	simpler or easier to manage		Step 3- If possible, and the question requires you to, simplify.	
	1:norn:1.				
	• Students will know how to convert fractions into ratios			Simplifying ratio - Steps to Success	
	and vice versa.			Step 1: Find the highest common factor of the numbers.	
	• Students will know how to compare ratios by			Step 2: Divide both numbers by the highest common factor.	
	converting to fractions.			Step 3: Always double check that your answer has no common	
				factors left in it.	
				Step 4: If you have any commons factors left then repeat steps	
				1, 2 and 3. (This may happen if you didn't the highest possible	
				common factor in step 1.)	
				Simplifying ratio - Steps to Success	
				Step 1: Place the number 1 under the same side of the ratio.	
				Step 2: How did you get from the number in your ratio to 1?	
				(This is probably a divide!)	
				Step 3: To keep the ratio equivalent, you must do the same	
				calculation to the other side of the ratio. This may come out as a	
				decimal.	
				Steps to Success – How do we compare ratios?	
				Step 1: Express the ratios as a fraction	
				Step 2: Find the common denominator of the two fractions,	
				either find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of the two	
				denominators or use the product of the two denominators.	
				Step 3: Once you have chosen your common denominator you	
				have to ensure you keep the fractions equivalent to the original	
				fractions in the question. This means that whatever you have	
				done to the denominator of the original fraction, you must also	
				do the to numerator. For example if you multiplied the	
				denominator of a fraction by 5, you must also multiply the	
				numerator by 5.	
				Step 4: Identify what the question is asking you for, e.g. the	
				smaller or larger proportion	



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To learn how to solve ratio	• Students will know how to represent a ratio using	Share – split up between parts	•Students need to know how to	Steps to Success - How do we share in a given ratio?	This lesson and the
problems.	boxes or bars.		simplify ratio.	Step 1: Firstly, represent the ratio in the form of boxes –	lesson below should
	• Students will know how to share a quantity into a two-			remember to assign the ratio in the order of the question.	
	part given ratio.			Step 2: Count the number of the parts within the question.	be all together as
	• Students will know how to share a quantity into a			Divide the total amount by the number of parts. This will give	one big lesson
	three-part given ratio.			you the amount that each part is worth.	
	Opportunities for Challenge:			Step 3: Write the value of each part within the box and calculate	
	Students will know how to solve more complex			the totals for each section of the ratio.	
	problems involving sharing a ratio.			Step 4: Check if the question is asking to share between a ratio	
	problems involving sharing a ratio.			or for a specific value within the ratio.	
				Steps to Success: Ratio - Given one value	
				Step 1: Firstly, represent the ratio in the form of boxes –	
				remember to assign the ratio in the order of the question.	
				Step 2: If you are given one value divide the amount by the	
				number of parts for the person it is referring to.	
				Step 3: Write the value of each part within the box and calculate	
				the totals for each section of the ratio.	
				Step 4: Check if the question is asking for one value or for the	
				total amount.	
				total amount.	
				Steps to Success Ratio – Given the difference	
				Step 1: Firstly, represent the ratio in the form of boxes –	
				remember to assign the ratio in the order of the question.	
				Step 2: Count the difference in the number of the parts within	
				the question. Divide the difference by the difference in the	
				number of parts. This will give you the amount that each part is	
				worth.	
				Step 3: Write the value of each part within the box and calculate	
				the totals for each section of the ratio.	
				Step 4: Check if the question is asking for one value or for the	
				total amount.	
To learn how to scale up	• Students will know how to scale up simple recipes. E.g.	Proportion – a part, share, or	•Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – How do you scale up/down recipes?	
recipes.	take a recipe for two people and make it for four	number considered in	multiply and divide integers.	To begin you need to Identify whether the ingredients in the	
	people or take a recipe for 8 people and make it for 2	comparative relation to a		recipe are being scaled up or down, if the new amount is bigger	
	people etc.	whole		it is scaling up, if it is smaller you are scaling down.	
	• Students will know how to scale up recipes involving	Direct Proportion – If two		There are multiple methods that can be carried out to find the	
	more than 1 step. E.g. take a recipe for 4 people and	things are directly proportional		ingredients for the new recipe:	
	make it for 10 people.	then if one increases, so does			
	Students will know how to scale up recipes involving	the other, if one decreases,		Method 1 : Find the ingredients required if the recipe was for	
	scaling down to 1 and multiplying by the amount	then so does the other		one person, to do this divide the ingredients by the amount the	
	needed for the new recipe.			recipe is made for. E.g. If the recipes was for 6 people, divide by	
	Opportunity for Challenge:			6. Once you have achieved this multiply it by the amount the	
	Students will know how to solve more complex			recipe is now for.	
	problems involving recipes.			·	
	problems involving recipes.				
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				Method 2: Express the ingredient you are trying to find as a ratio with the amount the recipe shows. Simplify to find the amount required for one. Then multiply by the amount needed. Method 3: Find the recipe for a common factor of people, and then scale up.	
To learn how to identify best buys.	Students will know how to find the best buy by either finding the value of one item for each option or finding the value of a common multiple of each item. Opportunities for Challenge: Students will know how to find the best buy in more complex scenarios where percentage discounts or fractions are also involved.	Value – how much money something is worth	• Students need to know how to find the LCM of two numbers.	Steps to Success – Comparing prices to find the best buy Method 1 – Finding the price of one item and comparing. Step one: Identify if you are being asked to compare prices or find the cheapest option, if so do the following. Step two: You need to compare the price, this can be done by dividing the price by the quantity you have of each item. This will give you the cost for 1 unit of that item. Step three: Compare the prices for each unit, the lowest price is the best buy. Step four: Identify what the question is asking you for, is it asking for the cheapest item? Remember to write the name of the cheapest item and give your reasoning. Do not circle which is cheapest. Method 2 – Finding the LCM of each item and comparing. Step one: Identify if you are being asked to compare prices or find the cheapest option, if so do the following. Step two: You need to find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of the quantities of each item. Step three: Multiply the cost of each item in order to get the LCM quantity of each item, this is so you can compare. Step four: Compare the prices for each item, the lowest price is the best buy. Step five: Identify what the question is asking you for, is it asking for the cheapest item? Remember to write the name of the cheapest item and give your reasoning. Do not circle which is cheapest.	
To learn how to convert currencies.	Students will know how to convert between different currencies. Students will know how to solve simple problems involving the conversions of different currencies. Students will know how to solve more complex worded problems involving the conversions for different currencies.	Currency – a system of money in general use in a particular country Convert – change a value from one form to another Cultural capital	Students need to know how to multiply and divide by decimals.	Currency Conversion Step one – Write out the conversions and label with arrows. Step two – Decide which direction involves multiplication and label this arrow. Step three – Decide which direction involves division and label this. Step four – Use the diagrams to convert appropriately. (When multiple conversions are needed work through those one at a time.)	



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To learn how to draw and use conversion graphs. To learn how to solve real	Students will know how to convert currencies using a conversion graph. Students will know how to convert a range of units using conversion graphs e.g. weight, cost etc. Students will know how to convert currencies using a conversion graph for currencies that are not necessarily marked on the axes of the graph. Students will know the difference between direct and	Inverse – Opposite	Students need to know how to plot coordinates and draw straight line graphs. Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Conversion Graphs Step 1 – Identify the value being converted on the graph. Step 2 – Draw a line from a given currency/weight/distance on one axis to the line on the graph and then across/down to convert to the other currency/weight/distance. Step 3 – If the currency is greater than the graph shows find a factor of the amount that they wish to convert, read this off the graph and then scale it up to determine the conversion for the actual amount. Direct Proportion – Steps to Success	
life problems involving direct and inverse proportion.	 Students will know the difference between direct and inverse proportion. Students will know how to solve real life problems involving direct proportion without using algebra. Students will know how to solve real life problems involving inverse proportion without using algebra (e.g. number of worker problems etc.). 	Inverse Proposite Inverse Proportion – If two things are inversely proportional then as one increases the other decreases or vice versa	Students need to know how to multiply and divide integers and decimals.	Step 1: Express the proportions as a ratio and decide if you are increasing or decreasing the proportion. If you are finding a greater amount than the value in the question you are increasing, if you are finding a smaller amount you are decreasing. Step 2: Dependant on the question you may need to find the unitary value for one of the proportions, to do this you would divide both parts of the ratio by the original proportion. Step 3: If you then needed to find a greater amount, you would multiply both parts of the ratio to find the required proportion. Inverse Proportion — Steps to Success Step 1: Express the proportions as a ratio. Step 2: Decide which proportion is being changed and how, remembering if one side of the proportion increases, then the other would have to decrease. Step 3: If you then needed to find a greater amount, you would multiply both parts of the ratio to find the required proportion. Double check that your answer makes sense for what is being asked.	
To learn how to solve algebraic direct proportion problems.	Students will know how to solve algebraic direct proportion problems by writing an algebraic statement in the form y = kx before substituting in given values to find the value of k and then using the resultant formula to find further missing values. Students will know that k is known as the constant of proportionality.	Direct Proportion – If two things are directly proportional then if one increases, so does the other, if one decreases, then so does the other Constant – a quantity or parameter that does not change its value whatever the value of the variables	Students need to know how to substitute numbers into formulae. Students need to know how to solve simple one step equations in the form a = bx. Mini-Assassment 7	Steps to Success – Algebraic Direct Proportion If y is directly proportional to x , this can be written as $y \propto x$. An equation of the form $y = kx$ represents direct proportion, where k is the constant of proportionality. Step 1: Write out the equation $y = kx$, attaching the appropriate power to the 'x' and using the variables given in the question. Step 2: Substitute in the given values. Step 3: Solve the resulting equation to find k . Step 4: Rewrite the equation with the value for k . Step 5: Substitute in the given value to find the missing variable the question asks for.	
	Mini-Assessment 7				