



Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 9 Core – 3D Shapes, Surface Area and Volume





Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Assessment
	Students will know that		In order to know this students, need to already know	
			that	
To learn how to draw plans	 Students will know how to use isometric grids to sketch 3D solids. 	Plan – A drawing of something as	 Students need to be able to draw and identify 3D 	Mini-Assessment 11
and elevations of 3D	 Students will identify front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids. 	viewed from above	shapes.	
snapes.	• Students will know that an elevation means a 2D drawing of a 3D shape from different	Elevation – the view of a 3D		
	viewpoints.	shape when it is looked at from		
	• Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with cubes using a 1cm	the side of from the front.		
	grid.			
	• Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with accurate			
	measurements using a 1cm grid.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	• Students will know how to sketch a 3D solid using the front, side and plan elevations.	Surface area, the total area of all	Curdents and the brackle to day, the cost of a days	Mini Accoccment 11
the surface area of cubes	• Students will know now to find the surface area of a 3D solid using the net. Students will	of the faces of a 2D solid added	• Students need to be able to draw the net of a shape.	Wini-Assessment 11
cuboids and triangular	know that surface area means the total area of the surface of a three-dimensional object.	together	Students need to be able to use basic mathematical	
prisms.	• Students will know that the surface area is the total area of each face of a 3D solid.	together	operations such as multiplication and addition.	
P	 Students will know how to find the surface area of cubes. Students will know how to find the surface area of cubes. 		 Students need to be able to find the area of 2D shapes 	
	 Students will know how to find the surface area of triangular prices 		shapes.	
	Students will know now to find the surface area of thangular prisms.			
	• Students will know how to colve problems involving the surface area of prices			
To learn how to calculate	Students will know how to solve problems involving the surface area of prisms.		Students need to be able to draw the net of a shape	Mini-Accoccmont 11
the surface area of a	• Students will know that a compound solid means a solid that is made up for 2 or more		 Students need to be able to draw the net of a shape. Students need to know how to find the area and 	WIIII-Assessment II
cylinder.	solids		circumference of circles	
	• Students will know how to find the surface area of cylinders		circumerence of circles.	
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	 Students will know how to solve problems involving the surface area of cylinders. 			
To learn how to calculate	Students will know that the volume is the amount of 3-dimensional snace a 3D solid	Volume – the amount of space	 Students need to know how to multiple and divide 	Mini-Assessment 11
the volume of prisms and	occupies Students will know that volume means the amount of three-dimensional space	inside a 3D object	numbers	WIIII-Assessment II
cylinders.	something takes un	Prism – A solid object with two	 Students need to be able to find the area of 2D 	
-	 Students will know how to find the volume of cubes. 	identical ends and flat sides	shapes.	
	 Students will know how to find the volume of cuboids. 			
	• Students will know how to find the volume of triangular prisms.			
	• Students will know how to find the volume of compound shapes.			
	• Students will know how to find the volume of cylinders.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	• Students will know how to solve problems involving the volume of prisms.			
To learn how to calculate	• Students will know how to calculate density using the mass and volume.		• Students will need to know how to multiply and divide	Mini-Assessment 11
with density, mass and	 Students will know how to calculate mass using the density and volume. 		numbers.	
volume.	 Students will know how to calculate volume using the density and mass. 		 Students will need to know how to substitute values 	
	• Students will know how to calculate the mass, density or volume without converting any		into formulae.	
	units.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	• Students will know how to calculate the mass, density or volume converting units when			
	necessary.			



Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge: Students will know that	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: In order to know this students, need to already know that	Assessment	
To learn how to calculate speed, distance and time.	 Students will know that Speed = distance time distance speed Students will know that Time = distance speed Students will know that Distance = Speed × Time Students will know how to make simple conversions for minutes to decimal hours - they will know that 30 minutes is 0.5 hours and 15 minutes is 0.25 hours. Students will know how to calculate speed, distance or time given the two other variables including where the time needs to be converted into a decimal number of minutes or hours. Opportunity for challenge: Students will know how to solve problems involving speed, distance and time. 		Students need to know how to convert time between minutes and hours.	Mini-Assessment 11	
To learn how to interpret real-life graphs.	 Students will know how to use conversion graphs to do simple conversions with currency. Students will know how to use conversion graphs to do simple conversions with metric and imperial units. Students will know how to use conversion graphs to carry out conversions that involve scaling up. Students will know how to use linear graphs to in order to explore the relationships between costs and variables. Students will know how to use linear graphs involving money to state a fixed cost. Students will know how to draw a conversion graph. 		Students need to plot and read coordinates.	Mini-Assessment 11	
To learn how to interpret a distance-time graph.	 Students will know how to make simple interpretations from a distance-time graph. Students will know how to find distances and times from a distance-time graph. Students will know how to complete a distance-time graph from a worded scenario. Students will know how to draw a complete distance-time graph from a worded scenario. Students will know how to find the distance by finding the area under the graph. Students will know how to interpret the speed within each section of the graph by looking at the steepness of the line. Opportunity for challenge: Students will know how to find the speed within each section of a distance-time graph. 			Mini-Assessment 11	