



The Sutton Academy

Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 9 Core – Probability

Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge: <i>Students will know that...</i>	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: <i>In order to know this, students need to already know that...</i>	Assessment
To learn how to determine the probability of an event.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to write probabilities in words or fractions, decimals and percentages; for example, unlikely can be represented as 25%, 0.25 and $\frac{1}{4}$. Students will know how to find the probability of an event. Students will know how to find probabilities using the 'OR' rule by adding simple probabilities. Students will know that to calculate the probability of an event not occurring you need to subtract the given probabilities from 1. Students will know that all probabilities add to give 1 or 100%. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students need to know how to write one amount as a fraction of another. Students need to know how to describe probabilities with words. Students need to know how to use a probability scale to represent probabilities. 	Mini-Assessment 13
To learn how to complete probability tables and find expected frequency.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to calculate a missing probability from a list or table by adding and subtracting from 1. Students will know how to calculate a missing probability from a list or table by adding and subtracting from 1 where algebra is used or the probability of one event is two/three times the probability of another. Students will know how to use relative frequency to estimate the number of times an event will occur, for both experimental and theoretical probabilities. Students will know how to use the 'OR' rule to determine the probability of one or more outcomes and will know how to use this to find an estimate for the number of times an event occurs. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students need to know how to add decimals. Students need to know how to subtract a decimal from 1. Students need to know how to multiply a decimal by an integer. 	Mini-Assessment 13
To learn how to list all the outcomes for events and use sample space diagrams.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to list all of the outcomes for events systematically to find probabilities. Students will know how to construct and use sample space diagrams to find probabilities. <p>Opportunity for challenge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to find a probability of one event given that another event has already occurred. 	<p>Systematically – according to a fixed plan or system; methodically.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students need to know how to list the possible outcomes for events systematically. 	Mini-Assessment 13
To learn how to draw, complete and use two-way tables.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to complete a two-way table with given information. Students will know how to design and complete a two-way table from information. Students will know how to calculate probabilities from a two-way table. <p>Opportunity for challenge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to find a probability of one event given that another event has already occurred. 	<p>Two-Way Table – a way to display frequencies or relative frequencies for two categorical variables</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students need to know how to add and subtract using the column method. 	Mini-Assessment 13
To learn how to complete and use a frequency tree to find probabilities.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to complete a partially completed frequency tree and use it to find a frequency and/or calculate probabilities. Students will know how to complete a frequency tree from given information and use it to find a frequency and calculate probabilities. Students will know to complete frequency trees for more complex problems. <p>Opportunity for challenge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will know how to find a probability of one event given that another event has already occurred. 	<p>Frequency Tree – a diagram used to show how a group of people/things can be broken up into certain categories</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students need to know how to find fractions of amounts. Students need to know how to find percentages of amounts. 	Mini-Assessment 13

Lesson/Learning Sequence	Intended Knowledge: <i>Students will know that...</i>	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge: <i>In order to know this, students need to already know that...</i>	Assessment
<p>To learn how to draw and use a tree diagram for independent events.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know how to show given information on a probability tree diagram. • Students will know how to complete probabilities using both decimals and fractions to represent probabilities. • Students will know construct a probability tree for multiple events. • Students will know how to use a probability tree diagram to represent outcomes of combined independent events (with replacement). • Students will know how to use tree diagrams to calculate the probability of two combined independent events by multiplying across the branches (this can either be fractions or decimals). 	<p>Independent – not subject to control by anything else</p> <p>Independent Events – Two events are independent if the occurrence of one event does not affect the chances of the occurrence of the other event</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students need to know that the probability of all possible outcomes for an event add to 1. • Students need to know how to multiply decimals. • Students need to know how to multiply fractions. 	<p>Mini-Assessment 13</p>
<p>To learn how to draw and use a tree diagram for dependent events.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will understand how and why the outcome of one event can impact the outcome of a subsequent event. • Students will know how to use probability trees to calculate the probabilities of combined events for dependent events. <p>Opportunity for challenge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know how to complete and construct probability trees for dependent events. 	<p>Dependent – determined by</p> <p>Conditional/ Dependent Events – events whose outcomes rely on that of another event</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will need to know how to multiply decimals • Students will need to know how to multiply fractions 	<p>Mini-Assessment 13</p>
<p>To learn how to create and use a Venn diagram to determine probabilities.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will know how to put information into a Venn diagram and use it to determine probabilities. • Students will know how to construct appropriate Venn diagrams to sort information. • Students will know how to interpret a Venn diagram to find probabilities. 	<p>Venn Diagram - a diagram representing mathematical or logical sets as circles within an enclosing rectangle (the universal set), common elements of the sets being represented by intersections of the circles.</p> <p>Intersection – A point, area or line that is common to two or more things. For a Venn diagram the intersection is the overlap between the two circles</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students need know how to sort information into a simple Venn diagram. 	<p>Mini-Assessment 13</p>