



## Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 9 Prime – 3D Shapes, Surface Area and Volume



Lesson objectives	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success	Feedback
To learn how to draw	Students will know how to use isometric grids to	Plan – A drawing of	Students need to be able to	Steps to Success – Plans and Elevations	
plans and elevations	sketch 3D solids.	something as viewed from	identify 3D shapes and write the	Step 1: Identify the direction that you are looking from.	
of 3D shapes.	Students will identify front, side and plan	above	number of faces, edges and	Step 2: Draw the face/view you can see of the object from that	
	elevations of 3D solids.	Elevation – the view of a 3D	vertices they have.	direction.	
		shape when it is looked at	vertices triey nave.		
	Students will draw the front, side and plan     elevations of 3D solids with cubes using a 1cm.	from the side or from the			
	elevations of 3D solids with cubes using a 1cm	front.			
	grid.				
	Students will draw the front, side and plan     claustions of 3D solids with assurate				
	elevations of 3D solids with accurate				
	measurements using a 1cm grid.				
	Students will know how to sketch a 3D solid using the front side and plan elevations.				
Talarest	the front, side and plan elevations.	Confess constitution of	Challes I	Chang To Cuspage Conference of	
To learn how to	• Students will know how to find the surface area of	Surface area - the total area	Students need to know how to	Steps To Success – Surface area of cubes	
calculate the surface area of cubes, cuboids	cubes.	of all of the faces of a 3D	find the area of squares,	<b>Step 1:</b> Find the area of one face, to do this we calculate length by	
area of cubes, cuboids and triangular prisms.	• Students will know how to find the surface area of	solid added together	rectangles and triangles.	width	
and triangular prisms.	cuboids.			<b>Step 2:</b> Multiply the area of one face by the number of faces the shape	
	• Students will know how to find the surface area of			has. A cube has 6 identical faces	
	triangular prisms.			Steps To Success – Surface area of Cuboid	
	• Students will know how to solve problems			<b>Step 1:</b> Calculate the area of each of the faces of the shape. It is	
	involving the surface area of cubes, cuboids and			important to remember how many faces a cuboid has.	
	triangular prisms.			<b>Step 2:</b> To find the total surface area add the area of each face	
				together.	
				*Sometimes the faces can either be rectangles or squares, it is	
				important to consider this when completing the calculations.*	
				Steps To Success – Surface area of a Triangular Prism	
				Step 1 – Begin by using the formula ½ base x height to work out the	
				area of the triangular faces.	
				Step 2 – Find the area of all of the other faces by calculating length x	
				width.	
				Step 3 – Add the area of all the faces together. Remember a triangular	
				prism has 5 faces in total.	
				First tide of the country of the cou	
To learn how to	• Students will know how to find the surface area of	Compound Solid - a solid that	Students need to know how to	Steps To Success – Surface area of cylinders	
calculate the surface	compound solids involving prisms.	is made up of 2 or more	find the area and circumference	<b>Step 1:</b> Calculate the area of each circle using $A = \pi r^2$ .	
area of compound	• Students will know how to find the surface area of	solids.	of circles.	Step 2: Calculate the area of the curved surface by finding the	
shapes and cylinders.	cylinders.			diameter and multiplying it by the length. Use $\mathcal{C}=\pi d$ to find the	
	• Students will know how to solve problems			circumference.	
	involving the surface area of prisms.				
To learn how to	• Students will know how to find the volume of	Volume – the amount of	Students need to know how to	Steps to Success – Volume of a cube: To calculate the volume of a cube	
calculate the volume	cubes and cuboids.	space inside a 3D object	find the area of rectangles,	you must substitute the values into the formula <b>volume = length x</b>	
of prisms and	• Students will know how to find the volume of	<b>Prism</b> – A solid object with	triangles and circles.	width x height, remembering that all lengths of the square are the	
cylinders.	triangular prisms.	two identical ends and flat		same size. Do not forget your units are always cubed.	
	• Students will know how to find the volume of	sides		Steps to Success – Volume of a cuboid: To calculate the volume of a	
	compound shapes.	Compound Solid - a solid that		cuboid you must substitute the values into the formula	
	• Students will know how to solve problems	is made up of 2 or more		volume = length x width x height.	
	involving the volume of prisms.	solids.			
	<u> </u>			<u></u>	



Lesson objectives	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success	Feedback
	Students will know how to find the volume of			Steps to Success – Volume of a prism:	
	cylinders.			Step 1: Write down the formula.	
	• Students will know how to solve problems			<b>Step 2</b> : Calculate the area of the cross section.	
	involving the volume of cylinders.			Step 3: Substitute the values into the formula.	
	Students will know how to use inverse operations			<b>Step 4</b> : Complete the calculation making sure the answer includes the	
	to find the radius or diameter of a cylinder using			units.	
	volume.				
				Steps to Success – Volume of a Cylinder	
	• Students will know how to work backwards from			Step 1 – Firstly you need to calculate the area of the circle, you do this	
	the volume of a cylinder to calculate its height.			by using the formula $\pi$ x radius <sup>2</sup>	
	Opportunity for challenge:			It is important to consider that if the diameter is shown you will need	
	• Students will know how to use inverse operations			to divide it by 2 to find the radius.	
	to find the side of a prism using volume.			Step 2 – Secondly substitute the values into the equation volume = $\pi x$	
				radius <sup>2</sup> x height	
				Step 3 – Ensure the answer has the units of cm <sup>3</sup>	
				· ·	
				If you are given the volume, remember to use the inverse operations	
T. I				to find a missing side.	
To learn how to calculate the volume	• Students will know how to find the volume of		Students need to know how to	Volume of a Pyramid = $\frac{1}{3} \times Area$ of Base $\times$ Height	
of pyramids, cones	pyramids.		substitute values into formulae.	3	
and spheres.	• Students will know how to find the volume of			1 .	
and spricies.	cones.			Volume of a Cone = $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi r^2 \times Height$	
	• Students will know how to find the volume of				
	spheres and hemi-spheres.			4 3	
	Opportunity for challenge:			Volume of a Sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \times \pi r^3$	
	• Students will know how to find the volume of				
	compound solids involving pyramids, cylinders,				
	cones and hemi-spheres				
To learn how to	• Students will know how to calculate density using	<b>Density</b> – a measurement of	<ul> <li>Students need to know how to</li> </ul>	See Reading	
calculate with	the mass and volume.	the amount of a substance	multiply and divide numbers.		
density, mass and	<ul> <li>Students will know how to calculate mass using</li> </ul>	contained in a certain volume	<ul> <li>Students need to know how to</li> </ul>		
volume.	the density and volume.	Mass – the weight of an	substitute values into formulae.		
	<ul> <li>Students will know how to calculate volume using</li> </ul>	object			
	the density and mass.				
	• Students will know how to calculate the mass,				
	density or volume without converting any units.				
	• Students will know how to calculate the mass,				
	density or volume converting units when				
	necessary.				
	Opportunity for challenge:				
	• Students will know how to solve problems				
	involving mass, density and volume.				
To learn how to	• Students will know that $Speed = \frac{distance}{time}$		Students need to know how to	• Students will know that Chard — distance	
calculate speed,			make simple conversions time	time	
distance and time.	• Students will know that $Time = \frac{distance}{speed}$		between minutes and hours.	• Students will know that $Time = \frac{distance}{speed}$	
	• Students will know that <i>Distance = Speed</i> ×		between minutes and nours.	• Students will know that <i>Distance = Speed × Time</i>	
	Time			Seasons III Mon didebitation Speed A Time	
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Lesson objectives	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Steps to Success	Feedback	
	• Students will know how to calculate speed,					
	distance or time given the two other variables					
	including where the time needs to be converted					
	into a decimal number of minutes or hours.					
	• Students will know how to solve problems involving					
	speed, distance and time.					
To learn how to	<ul> <li>Students will know how to make simple</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Students need to know how to</li> </ul>			
interpret a distance-	interpretations from a distance-time graph.		calculate speed, distance and			
time graph.	<ul> <li>Students will know how to find distances and</li> </ul>		time.			
	times from a distance-time graph.					
	<ul> <li>Students will know how to complete a distance-</li> </ul>					
	time graph from a worded scenario.					
	<ul> <li>Students will know how to draw a complete</li> </ul>					
	distance-time graph from a worded scenario.					
	Students will know how to find the distance by					
	finding the area under the graph.					
	Students will know how to interpret the speed					
	within each section of the graph by looking at the					
	steepness of the line.					
	Students will know how to find the speed within					
	each section of the distance-time graph.					
Mini-Assessment 9						