



Knowledge Rich Curriculum Plan

Year 9 Support – 3D Shapes, Surface Area and Volume



Lesson/Learning	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Assessment
Sequence	Students will know that		In order to know this students, need to already know that	1
To learn how to identify	Students will know the names of prisms, pyramids and spheres.	Prism – A solid object with two	Students need to understand a 3D shape that has length,	Mini-Assessment 11
3D shapes.	• Students will know that a prism is a 3D solid with identical ends and flat sides.	identical ends and flat sides	width and depth.	
	• Students will know that a pyramid is a 3D solid where the sides are triangles meeting	Vertex (plural vertices) – corner	• Students need to be able to draw and identify 2D shapes.	
	at the apex and the base is a polygon.	Face – in maths, a face is a flat		
	• Students will know how to determine the number of faces, edges and vertices from	surface of a solid object		
	3D solids.	Polygon – a closed shape with		
	• Students will know vertices to mean a corner of a shape.	straight sides		
	• Students will know that a face is the individual flat surface of a 3D solid.	Edge – a line segment where two		
	• Students will know that an edge is a line segment where two faces meet.	faces meet		
	• Students will know that a vertex is a point where two or more edges meet - a corner.			
	Students will know how to sketch 3D shapes.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	Students will know how to identify a 3D shape based on the properties given.	At a second seco		100
To learn how to draw and identify nets of 3D	• Students will know a net means a pattern that you can cut and fold to make a model	Net – net means a pattern that you	• Students need to identify 3D shapes.	Mini-Assessment 11
•	of a solid shape.	can cut and fold to make a model of		
shapes.	• Students will know how to sketch the nets of 3D solids.	a solid shape.		
	• Students will know how to identify a 3D shape from its net by looking at the faces on			
	the net.			
	Students will know how to use isometric grids to sketch 3D solids.			
To learn how to draw	• Students will identify front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids.	Plan – A drawing of something as	• Students need to be able to draw and identify 2D shapes.	Mini-Assessment 11
plans and elevations of	• Students will know that an elevation means a 2D drawing of a 3D shape from	viewed from above	• Students need to be able to measure and draw lines with a	
3D shapes.	different viewpoints.	Elevation – the view of a 3D shape	ruler.	
	• Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with cubes using a	when it is looked at from the side		
	1cm grid.	or from the front.		
	• Students will draw the front, side and plan elevations of 3D solids with accurate			
	measurements using a 1cm grid.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	• Students will know how to sketch a 3D solid using the front, side and plan elevations.			
To learn how to	• Students will know how to find the surface area of a 3D solid using the net. Students	Surface area - the total area of all of	 Students need to be able to draw the net of a shape. 	Mini-Assessment 11
calculate the surface	will know that surface area means the total area of the surface of a three-	the faces of a 3D solid added	 Students need to be able to use basic mathematical 	
area of cubes, cuboids	dimensional object.	together	operations such as multiplication and addition.	
and triangular prisms.	• Students will know that the surface area is the total area of each face of a 3D solid.		 Students need to be able to find the area of 2D shapes. 	
	Students will know how to find the surface area of cubes.			
	Students will know how to find the surface area of cuboids.			
	Students will know how to find the surface area of triangular prisms.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	Students will know how to find the surface area of compound shapes.			
To learn how to	• Students will know that the volume is the amount of 3-dimensional space a 3D solid	Volume – the amount of space	• Students need to know how to multiple and divide numbers.	Mini-Assessment 11
calculate the volume of	occupies. Students will know that volume means the amount of three-dimensional	inside a 3D object	• Students need to be able to find the area of 2D shapes.	
prisms.	space something takes up.	Prism – A solid object with two		
	Students will know how to find the volume of cubes.	identical ends and flat sides		
	Students will know how to find the volume of cuboids.			
	Students will know how to find the volume of triangular prisms.			
	Opportunity for challenge:			
	Students will know how to find the volume of compound shapes.			



Lesson/Learning	Intended Knowledge:	Tiered Vocabulary	Prior Knowledge:	Assessment
Sequence	Students will know that		In order to know this students, need to already know that	
To learn how to	Students will know how to find the volume of cylinders.		 Students need to know how to find the volume of prisms. 	Mini-Assessment 11
calculate the volume of	Opportunity for challenge:		 Students need to find the area of circles. 	
cylinders.	Students will know how to solve problems involving the volume of prisms.			